



(19)

Europäisches Patentamt

European Patent Office

Office européen des brevets



(11)

**EP 0 930 595 A1**

(12)

**EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION**

(43) Date of publication:  
21.07.1999 Bulletin 1999/29

(51) Int. Cl.<sup>6</sup>: **G09B 19/00, G09B 23/18,  
A63H 17/395**

(21) Application number: **98309998.7**

(22) Date of filing: **07.12.1998**

(84) Designated Contracting States:  
**AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU  
MC NL PT SE**  
Designated Extension States:  
**AL LT LV MK RO SI**

(30) Priority: **17.01.1998 GB 9800941**

(71) Applicant:  
**Mumbles Science Adventure Limited  
Caswell, Swansea SA3 4SD (GB)**

(72) Inventor:  
**Shercliff, Andrew William  
Swansea, SA3 4SD (GB)**

(74) Representative:  
**Davies, Gregory Mark  
Urquhart-Dykes & Lord  
Alexandra House  
1 Alexandra Road  
Wales  
Swansea, Wales SA1 5ED (GB)**

**(54) Programmable apparatus**

(57) A base unit (2) has a microprocessor (10) onboard and is programmable via a keypad (4). A drive is operable in accordance with a program input into the microprocessor in order to provide motive power to move the movable element. The base unit may be derived from a telephone unit of conventional type, and have wheels (6a,6b) drivable in accordance with the microprocessor program. The base unit may serve as a base for a constructional toy (which may have elements driven by the axes) and functions as an educational aid to introduce basic computer programming.

**EP 0 930 595 A1**

## Description

[0001] The present invention relates to programmable apparatus, and in particular to programmable apparatus which may be used as teaching/learning aid and/or for other facilitating purposes.

[0002] According to the present invention, there is provided apparatus comprising:

- i) a base unit having a keypad;
- ii) a microprocessor onboard the base unit and programmable via the keypad; and
- iii) drive means operable in accordance with the program input into the microprocessor, the drive means providing motive power to move the base unit and/or one or more other moveable elements which may comprise the apparatus.

[0003] The drive means is preferably provided onboard the base unit and controllable by the microprocessor.

[0004] It is preferred that the base unit comprises a housing. The microprocessor and also preferably the drive means, are preferably provided in the interior in the housing. In a preferred embodiment, the base unit comprises a telephone unit housing.

[0005] It is preferred that the drive means comprises one or more electrically operated drive motors. It is preferred that drive means is provided to enable the base unit to be driven over a support surface and also to enable the base unit to drive external mechanical apparatus.

[0006] In a first embodiment the drive means may be arranged to drive the base unit over a surface. Desirably, one or more rotatable drive members (such as rollers, wheels or the like) are mounted to the base unit for this purpose. In a preferred embodiment, the base unit is provided with a pair of rotatable drive members (preferably wheels or rollers) mounted one on either side of the base unit.

[0007] In an alternative embodiment (or additionally) the drive means may be configured to drive one or more moveable elements provided for the base unit. The apparatus may further comprise formations provided on the base unit for co-operation with complementary formations comprising educational construction elements such as building blocks, elongate strips or the like. For example, use with educational constructional kits that are commercially available under the registered trade marks LEGO, K'NEX or MECCANO is envisaged. The base unit may therefore be used as a base or adjunct for constructing models or the like using such construction kits. The drive means may be used to move selected constructional elements in accordance with a predetermined program dictated by the microprocessor.

[0008] In one embodiment, the drive means is arranged to drive one or more axles to which respective base unit support wheels or rollers are mounted. The

wheels are preferably demountable from respective axles enabling the relevant axle to be used to drive external mechanical apparatus such as for example gears, pulleys or the like comprising a toy construction arrangement. Alternatively, or additionally, a drive axle may be provided dedicated to driving external mechanical apparatus and not intended to have the dual function of driving the base unit over the support surface. Desirably drive motors (and hence driving axles) are arranged to be operated independently of one another in accordance with the program stored in the microprocessor.

[0009] It is preferred that the apparatus further comprises display and/or illumination means (such as an LCD display window or LED's) and/or loud speaker means and/or microphone means each having a respective input or output to the microprocessor. The display is preferably capable of displaying graphics and also text information.

[0010] The unit preferably carries means for recording and/or storing audio and/or visual data, and also preferably for play back of the stored audio and visual data.

[0011] It is preferred that the apparatus includes a telephone handset, which may, advantageously, be secured in place onboard the telephone unit housing. It is preferred that securing means (such as a clip, clasp or the like), is provided to secure the telephone handset in position.

[0012] The audio input into the unit may be provided by the microphone of the telephone system (either via the handset and/or the 'handsfree' microphone on the unit). The audio playback may for example, be facilitated via the handset loudspeaker and/or a 'handsfree' loudspeaker integral in the base unit.

[0013] It is preferred that the base unit is provided with one or more digital or analog output sockets, connecting with the microprocessor and arranged to be connected to operate electrical devices such as for example one or more lights, solenoids and/or electrically operated valves.

[0014] Desirably the base unit is provided with connection means for digital or analog inputs to the microprocessor; the respective inputs may be connected to input electrical devices such as switches, and/or sensors or the like. It is preferred that the base unit is provided with marking means, such as a pen or other attachment arranged to be mounted for movement with the base unit.

[0015] Desirably the base unit is provided with means for connecting the microprocessor to external programming means such as a personal computer (PC).

[0016] Preferably, the apparatus includes a memory, (such as an EEPROM) associated with the processor and arranged to store programmed data. Desirably, the memory is provided onboard the base unit, preferably within the telephone housing.

[0017] Apparatus features such as switches, drive motors/axles and external connections may be colour

coded to match colour coding on the relevant keypad keys which control programming of the relevant apparatus feature.

[0018] Desirably, the unit includes a clock capable of displaying 'real time' and or process operational time.

[0019] Remote control means is preferably provided enabling remote control or programming of the unit. For example, a hand held keypad may be used to remotely programme the apparatus, or a joystick may be used to control operation of the drive means. The remote control means typically operates via either infra red or radio means.

[0020] The invention will now be further described in a specific embodiment by way of example only and with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of apparatus according to the invention;

Figure 2 is a block diagram of the microprocessor and input/output arrangement mounted onboard the base unit;

Figure 3 is a schematic representation of the layout of a keypad for apparatus according to the invention; and,

Figure 4 is an underside view of the apparatus according to the invention.

[0021] Referring to figures 1 to 4 of the drawings, the apparatus, generally designated 1, comprises a base unit in the form of a standard digital telephone unit housing 2, provided with handset 3, keypad 4, and LCD display window arrangement 5. An on/off switch 19 is also provided.

[0022] A pair of drive wheels 6a/6b are mounted at the forward end of the housing unit 2 and driven by battery powered electric motors 8 provided internally of housing unit 2. A castor 9 is provided toward the rear of the housing (alternatively, a skid may be utilised). Operation of motors 8 to drive wheels 6a/6b causes housing unit 2 to move over the support surface on which the apparatus rests.

[0023] Operation of the motors 8 is controlled by a microprocessor 10 provided internally of the telephone unit housing 2. Other outputs of the microprocessor 10 are connected to the LCD output display arrangement 5, telephone loudspeakers 11a, 11b and digital/analog output sockets 12. Keypad 4 is connected to microprocessor 10, enabling the microprocessor to be programmed to produce predetermined output control stimuli to the relevant microprocessor outputs described above. A further microprocessor input is via microphones 13a, 13b which can be used to make audio recordings and to trigger voice activated output.

[0024] A help switch 24 triggers the production of spoken information via loudspeaker 11a or 11b in order to

help the user operate the apparatus. In a preferred embodiment, the help switch is activated when the handset 3 is lifted.

[0025] A volume control 20 allows the volume of loudspeakers 11a, 11b to be adjusted.

[0026] Digital/analog input sockets 14 may also be provided to enable input to the microprocessor from other external sources, such as for example switches or sensors (e.g. temperature sensors, photoelectric sensors, limit switches and proximity sensors).

[0027] LCD display 5 is capable of displaying text and visual images and also includes a selectable clock display. The clock may be used to control programmed functions of the apparatus.

[0028] Additionally an input and output facility to microprocessor 10 is provided via a personal computer (PC) link 15 which enables the microprocessor to be programmed via a PC (or programs downloaded from the PC) rather than via keypad 4. The PC link 15 also enables data to be downloaded from the microprocessor 10 to be output via a PC screen display, or stored in the PC memory. Data can also be stored in an EEPROM memory 18 connected to microprocessor 10.

[0029] Figure 4 shows clearly the battery compartment 21 for receiving d.c. batteries (which may be rechargeable) used to conventionally power the apparatus. Alternatively the apparatus may be run from mains electricity via a suitable transformer.

[0030] As shown in figure 1, an expansion pack slot 17 is provided in the unit housing permitting one of a variety of selected expansion packs to be used to extend the power and functionality of the apparatus. The expansion pack includes its own EEPROM memory which controls program functionality, data, demos and help information necessary to enable the particular expansion pack to operate in 'expansion pack' mode. The data stored on the expansion pack EEPROM could relate to application specific information dependent upon the users interests, needs or other factors (such as for example educational curriculum requirements). Additionally expansion packs could include application specific hardware such as video, telecommunications or radio transmission and/or reception apparatus, depending upon the user requirements.

[0031] A pen holder port 22 for receiving a marking pen is shown on the underside of the unit in figure 4, as are the supporting feet 23.

[0032] The unit 2 can be used to power and control working models made from the leading construction kits such as Lego, K'Nex and Meccano, this would allow working models to be created such as, for example, a robot arm, a mouse which finds its way out of a maze, a set of traffic lights, a mobile crane, a pattern drawing machine, a walking 'thinking' dinosaur. To this end, six vertical fixing tubes 16 are provided in each corner and mid-way along the length of each side. The tubes 16 extend right through to the underside of the unit. The fixing holes are shaped and dimensioned and spaced so

as to receive rods/construction elements from one or more proprietary construction kit systems such as the systems mentioned above. To this end also wheels 6a,6b are demountable from the driving motor shafts 7 which shafts are then connectable to provide rotary mechanical drive to the external constructional kit structures and arrangements.

[0033] An example of operation of the apparatus described above will now be given in which the micro-processor is programmed by a keypad 4, arrangement as shown in Figure 3. The relevant numbers and icons shown in figure 3 are related as follows:-

- 1 Left motor forward
- 2 Both motors forward
- 3 Right motor forward
- 4 Left motor reverse
- 5 Both motors reverse
- 6 Right motor reverse
- 7 Output 7 on
- 8 Output 8 on
- 9 Output 9 on
- . Pulse
- 0 Output 0 on
- # All off
- R Start recording
- M Change mode
- P Start playback

[0034] In its simplest Mode, 'Action Mode', the telephone unit 2 can be driven by single key presses on the telephone keypad 4. Pressing any key for a second time reverses the action (for example turns off the motor or output, or stops recording). Pressing 'All off' (#) switches off all outputs and motors.

[0035] The LCD display 5 shows the function of each key as it is pressed; for example 'Output 7 on' is displayed when the 7 key is first pressed. 'Pulsing' an output or motor pulses the current to the output or motor in a regular 'on/off' sequence. This will flash a light connected to a digital output 12, or slow down a motor 8. The output or motor which is pulsed will be the one most recently activated, for example pressing key 7 followed by the pulse key will flash the light or other device attached to output 7.

[0036] The ability to 'record' is a similar concept to recording on a cassette recorder or video recorder (or the 'Macro' facility in a wordprocessor). When the 'Record' key (R) is pressed, the following key stroke sequence input is stored as a 'procedure' (including the number of milliseconds each key is in operation), until the 'record' key (R) is pressed again, to stop recording. Pressing the 'Playback' key (P) will operate the apparatus (including the relevant outputs) in accordance with the recorded sequence of keystrokes. A simple example of the use of 'Playback' (P) is to 'program' the telephone unit 2 to travel round the four sides of a square.

[0037] Action mode is designed for beginners to mas-

ter the telephone unit 2, and for younger children to learn the concepts of control and of simple programming, via 'Record' and 'Playback'.

[0038] The loudspeakers 11a,11b can optionally provide spoken 'help' information to assist a new user to learn how to operate the apparatus.

[0039] For more advanced users a further 10 Procedures can be recorded and played back by entering a number key 0-9 immediately following the 'record' (R) or 'playback' (P) key.

[0040] Procedures may also be 'triggered' by external events such as switches closing, a sound at or above a predetermined level (or at a predetermined frequency), sensors detecting a change, or a predetermined time of day being reached. A simple example would be for a Procedure to be triggered at 9 o'clock.

[0041] Extra modes of operation are provided in addition to Action Mode, via the Mode key(M). These include:

'Music' Mode, in which the keypad 4 acts as a music keyboard.

'Sound Effects' Mode, in which the keys of the keypad 4 trigger different sound effects.

'Voice' Mode, in which voice or other audio input can be recorded via the microphones 13a,13b and subsequently played back via loudspeakers 11a,11b.

'Demo' Mode, in which demonstration Procedures can be played back.

'Clock' Mode, in which the time of day can be displayed and reset, and a time preset to trigger a Procedure.

'Language' Mode, in which the language used for spoken Help information can be changed.

'Local Programming' Mode, in which Procedures can be displayed line by line as computer programs on the LCD 5. In this Mode Procedures may also be edited via the keypad 4, and new commands entered, such as 'repeat' and 'next'.

[0042] The functionality of the various modes is delivered via a Standard Program written for the Microprocessor 10. This standard program (and any data entered by the user such as, for example Procedures and audio recordings) are stored in an EEPROM memory 18 in the telephone unit 2, so that turning off the power to the telephone unit 2 does not lose the main program or the Procedures held as data or the audio recordings.

[0043] Some users of the apparatus may not wish to progress beyond Local Programming Mode. However, for those with access to a PC (for example an IBM-com-

patible running Windows 95) a Remote Programming Mode is available. This mode allows users to create and edit telephone unit 2 Procedures on a PC screen, to test telephone unit 2 Procedures via a simulation on the screen, and even to write programs to replace the microprocessor's 'standard' program.

**[0044]** Remote Programming Mode is activated by connecting the telephone unit 2's output socket to a PC's standard serial or parallel socket. The following PC-based facilities are then available:-

- a) Procedures already recorded in the telephone unit 2 memory can be 'uploaded' to the PC, displayed on the screen, saved to removable (or remote) data storage media, printed out and the like.
- b) Procedures can be entered at the PC, existing procedures edited, and the revised set of Procedures downloaded again to the telephone unit 2 memory.
- c) Graphical simulation of the telephone unit 2 on the screen of the PC will enable the Procedures to be tested before they are downloaded. This facility will simplify the process of 'debugging' more complex sets of Procedures.
- d) Programs may be developed and downloaded by programmers using the programming language in which the telephone unit 2's microprocessor is itself programmed.
- e) Audio recordings entered via the microphones 13a, 13b may be uploaded to the PC and saved.
- f) Data logged from switches and sensors 14 may be uploaded, saved and analysed.

**[0045]** The external programming facility enables more complex logic to be written, and the operation of the keys 4 on the telephone unit 2 to be modified if desired. This facility would be of particular interest to more advanced school students or computer programming enthusiasts. It also permits the telephone unit 2 to be permanently reprogrammed to carry out a specific task (for example to operate and control a complex mechanical model).

**[0046]** Once the desired changes to the telephone unit 2's Procedures or internal programming have been made and downloaded, the link 15 to the PC can be removed, and the telephone unit 2 again operated as a stand-alone device.

**[0047]** It can be seen that the potential for the apparatus could be taken beyond the immediate benefits for children. For instance, the telephone unit 2 would make an excellent base for the development of easy-to-use aids for the disabled.

**[0048]** The use of off-the-shelf components for the building of the apparatus 1 leads to a minimisation of costs and ease of construction/assembly.

## Claims

### 1. Programmable apparatus comprising:

- i) a base unit having a keypad;
- ii) a microprocessor onboard said base unit and programmable via said keypad;
- iii) at least one movable element provided on said base unit; and
- iv) drive means operable in accordance with a program input into said microprocessor, said drive means being arranged to provide motive power to move said movable element.

2. Apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said drive means is provided onboard said base unit and is controllable by said microprocessor; and/or, wherein said base unit comprises a housing and wherein said microprocessor and said drive means are provided in the interior of said housing.

3. Apparatus according to claim 1 or claim 2, wherein said base unit comprises a telephone unit housing (the apparatus preferably including a telephone handset and preferably securing means for securing the telephone handset in place onboard the base unit housing.).

4. Apparatus according to any of claims 1 to 3, wherein said drive means comprises one or more electrically operated drive motors; and/or wherein said drive means is arranged to drive the base unit over a surface (preferably wherein a pair of rotatable drive members mounted one on either side of said base unit); and/or wherein the drive means is configured to drive one or more movable elements provided for said base unit.

5. Apparatus according to any preceding claim, further comprising formations provided on the base unit for co-operation with complementary formations comprising educational construction elements such as building blocks, elongate strips or the like; and/or further comprising illumination means including an LCD display window or LED's and/or loudspeaker means and/or microphone means each having a respective input or output to the microprocessor, spoken help information and/or sound effects/music preferably being playable via the loudspeaker means.

6. Apparatus according to any preceding claim, wherein:

- i) said base unit is provided with one or more digital and/or analog output sockets, connecting with said microprocessor and arranged to be connected to operate electrical devices, the

electrical devices preferably including one or more lights, solenoids and/or electrically operated valves; and/or,

ii) said base unit is provided with connection means for digital or analog inputs to the micro-processor wherein the respective inputs may be connected to input electrical devices such as switches and/or sensors or the like; and/or, iii) said base unit is provided with means for connecting the microprocessor to external programming means such as a personal computer (PC).

7. Apparatus according to any preceding claim, wherein:

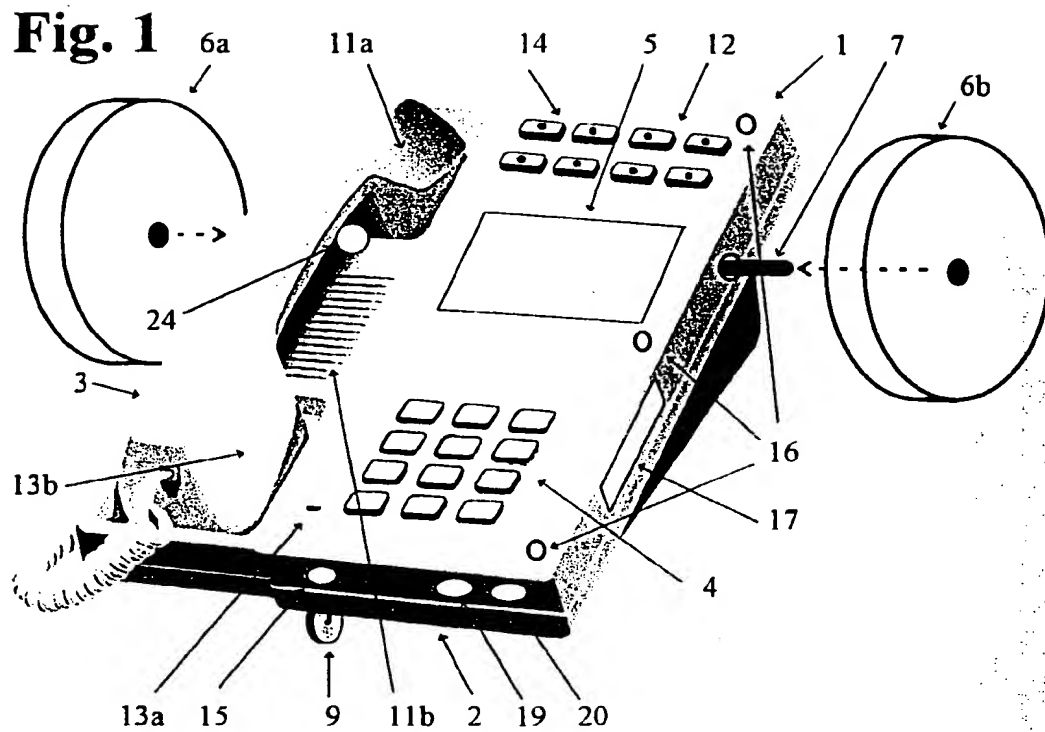
i) said base unit is provided with marking means, such as a pen or other attachment, arranged to be mounted for movement with the base unit; and/or,

ii) wherein said apparatus comprises a memory (such as an EEPROM) associated with the processor and arranged to store programmed data, preferably provided onboard said base unit, the memory preferably being arranged to store audio recordings desirably entered via a microphone provided in the handset or base.

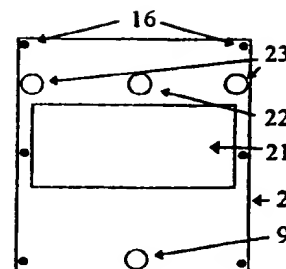
8. Apparatus according to any preceding claim, wherein the drive means is operable to drive an external mechanical arrangement, the external mechanical arrangement comprises a movable element of a toy constructional kit assembly.

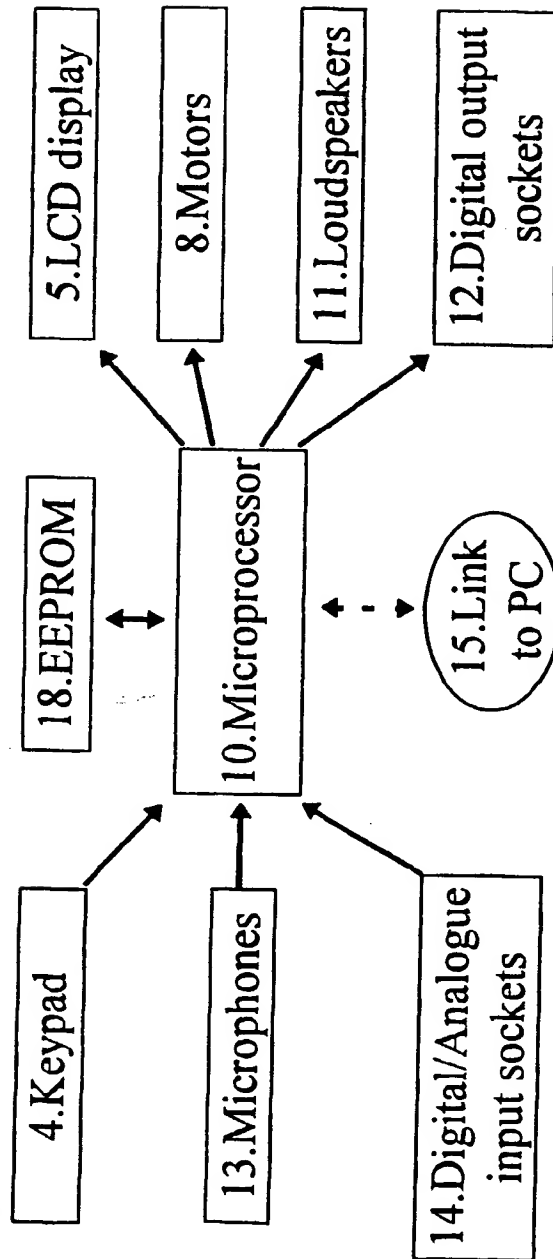
9. Apparatus according to any preceding claim, wherein the drive means is arranged to drive one or more rotatable support members on which the base unit is supported to be moveable, the same respective drive means being arranged to be operable to drive an external mechanical arrangement such as a movable element of a toy constructional kit assembly.

10. Apparatus according to claim 22, wherein the rotatable support member is demountable from the drive means thereby enabling the drive means to connect with and drive the external mechanical arrangement such as a movable element of a toy constructional kit assembly.



1	2	3
4	5	6
7	8	9
*	0	#
R	M	P



**Fig. 2**





European Patent  
Office

# EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number  
EP 98 30 9998

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.6)
Y	RESNICK M: "BEHAVIOR CONSTRUCTION KITS" COMMUNICATIONS OF THE ASSOCIATION FOR COMPUTING MACHINERY, vol. 36, no. 7, 1 July 1993, pages 64, 66-71, XP000384567 * page 66, column 1, paragraph 3 - page 71, column 1, last paragraph *	1	G09B19/00 G09B23/18 A63H17/395
A	---	2,4-10	
Y	US 5 609 508 A (WINGATE RICHARD C) 11 March 1997 * the whole document *	1	
A	---	3	
A	US 4 712 184 A (HAUGERUD ALBERT R) 8 December 1987 * the whole document *	1,2,4-10	
A	US 5 697 829 A (CHAINANI DEVINDRA S ET AL) 16 December 1997 * the whole document *	1,2,4,6,7,9	
A	US 4 548 584 A (TOWNSEND MAX F) 22 October 1985 * the whole document *	1,4-6,9	
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.6)
			G09B A63H
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search THE HAGUE		Date of completion of the search 27 April 1999	Examiner Gorun, M
<p>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</p> <p>X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document</p> <p>T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons &amp; : member of the same patent family, corresponding document</p>			

EPO FORM 1503 03/82 (P04C01)

**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT  
ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.**

EP 98 30 9998

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report.  
The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on  
The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

27-04-1999

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)		Publication date
US 5609508	A	11-03-1997	NONE		
US 4712184	A	08-12-1987	NONE		
US 5697829	A	16-12-1997	US 5724074	A	03-03-1998
			US 5656907	A	12-08-1997
US 4548584	A	22-10-1985	GB 2141246	A	12-12-1984

EPO FORM P0459

For more details about this annex : see Official Journal of the European Patent Office, No. 12/82